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ABSTRACT

This bulletin contains brief summaries from the full report, "Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions, Fiscal Year 1973," obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Data tables showing trends in federal obligations to universities and colleges during fiscal years 1963-73, changes in federal obligations to universities and colleges by agency for fiscal year 1972-73 and changes in federal research and development obligations to universities and colleges by agency for fiscal year 1972-73 are included. Total federal obligations to the 100 universities and colleges receiving the largest amounts for fiscal year 1973 are presented in a table with the amounts shown representing awards to individual institutions. (EB)



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SCIENCE RESOURCES STUDIES

HIGHLIGHTS

NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION • WASHINGTON, D.C. 20550

JULY 15, 1974

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Federal Funding In Higher Education: Academic Science Shows Decline In FY 1973

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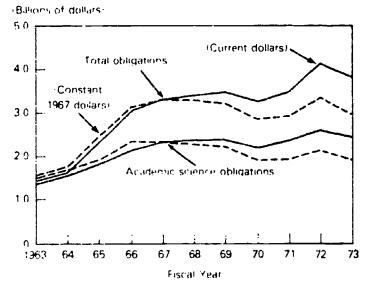
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- Total Federal support to universities and colleges declined by 7 percent to \$3.823 million during fiscal year 1973, the first decline since 1970.
- funds for academic science activities amounted to \$2,463 million. 5 percent below the total reported for 1972 Nonscience obligations also dropped in 1973, declining by 11 percent to \$1,360 million.
- During 1973 academic research and development rose by 1 percent to \$1.870 million. Support for R&D plant was \$43 million—up 17 percent
- Between 1972 and 1973 academic R&D support in the life sciences increased by 4 percent to \$934 million. Engineering, with \$204 million in R&D funding, went up by 6 percent. All other major fields were at lower funding levels in 1973 than in 1972—with the largest relative decline in the social sciences.

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Trends in Federal obligations to universities and colleges: FY 1963-73



SOURCE National Science Foundation

- Two academic science program areas, fellowships and traineeships and general support for science, experienced substantial reductions—26 percent and 53 percent, respectively.
- Although Federal support to the first 100 recipients fell by 4 percent (\$94 million) from 1972 to 1973, the relative concentration of funds for the first-100 group increased from 65 percent to 67 percent of total oblig tions to all universities and colleges.

Total Program Support

In 1973 Federal obligations (exclusive of loans) to institutions of higher education fell by \$308 million, or 7 percent. The 1972-73 decline followed a 2-year period of growth in which Federal academic support showed yearly gains of 8 percent and 18 percent, respectively. When measured in constant 1967 dollars, the 1973 obligation total represented a decrease of 11 percent from the 1972 level of funding.

The 1973 drop in Federal support to universities and colleges was largely the result of a decrease in funds from the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW). HEW, which finances two-thirds of the Federal total for higher education programs, reported a reduction of \$267 million in 1973. Over three-fourths of the HEW decline reflected reduced funding for activities sponsored by the Office of Education (OE).

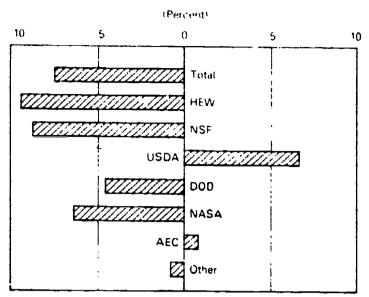
Other significant decreases were posted by the National Science Foundation (NSF), down \$40 million primarily in

Federal obligations to universities and colleges: FY 1971-73

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Changes in Federal obligations to universities and colleges, by agency: FY 1972-73



SOURCE, National Science Foundation

\$11 million; and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA), down \$8 million. The largest increase in support to the academic sector was provided by the Department of Agriculture (USDA) which evidenced a gain of \$18 million. In 1973, for the first time, USDA ranked third among the 14 supporting agencies, replacing DOD which had held that position in prior years.

Institution Ranking

In 1973 the 100 leading recipients of Federal funds were awarded \$2.576 mill...n. two-thirds of the Federal higher education total. Although the share of total support represented by the top 100 was 2 percentage points higher than in 1972, the 1973 dollar total for the first-100 institutions was 4 percent below the 1972 level. Approximately two out of every three institutions in the top-100 group recorded a decline from 1972 to 1973

The two leading institutions, however, registered substantial increases in this period. The Massachusetts Institute of Technology received \$126 million in 1973, 12 percent more than in 1972. Most of the MIT gain was in the R&D area—a \$9 million increase in R&D funds and a \$5 million increase in R&D plant. \$3 million of which was directed to a new center for cancer biology. On the other hand, the \$17 million increase in funds to the University of Wisconsin-Madison was primarily for nonscience activities—\$11 million in support of a health sciences center and \$4 million for a new nursing school facility.

Academic Science Activities

Academic science program support in 1973 dropped to a level of \$2,463 million, a decline of \$136 million (5 percent).

When adjusted for inflation, the decline is the lowest since 1965.

Within academic science, research and development and R&D plant were the only components to show increased federal support from 1972 to 1973, rising 1 percent and 17 percent, respectively. Other academic science program areas registered declines in 1973. Funds for fellowships, traineeships, and training grants declined by 26 percent, while general support for science funds were reduced by 53 percent.

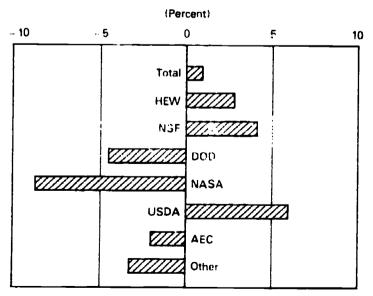
Obligations for the total R&D effort including operations and plant, now comprise over three-fourths of total Federal academic science funding, the highest share in the 1963-73 period. The steady increase in the R&D share during that period reflects to a large degree the diminution in science-education support.

Research and Development

During 1973 redecal funds for academically based research and development totaled \$1,870 million, an increase of 1 percent over the 1972 level. In constant dollars the 1973 figure is nearly 3 percent below 1972. The reduced growth in 1973 of academic research and development reflects a reversal of the upward trend in the prior two years when significant increases were shown in terms of both current and constant dollars.

From 1972 to 1974 the two largest Federal sponsors of academic R&D programs, HEW and NSF, increased their support to this sector. HEW obligations rose from \$879 million in 1972 to \$904 million in 1973, a 3-percent gain, almost all in the National Institutes of Health (NIH) program support. NSF

Changes in Federal R&D obligations to universities and colleges, by agency: FY 1972-73



SOURCE: Nutional Science Foundation



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Total Federal obligations to the 100 universities and colleges receiving the largest amounts: FY 1973¹

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Amounts shown represent awards to individual in titutions. Awards to the administrative offices of university systems are excluded include final allocation of funds in unknown. SOURCE: National Grienile Foundation.



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R&D funding ordered by 4 percent (\$14 million) to \$349 million. Other agencies showing increases in 1973 were USDA (up \$5 million) and the Department of Commerce and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)—each up about \$1 million. Reductions in academic R&D support were reported by DOD (5 percent). NASA (9 percent), and the Atomic Energy Compossion (AEC) (2 percent).

Fellowships, Traineeships, and Training Grants

Government support for fellowships and traineeships in the sciences and engineering declined by \$101 million, or 26 percent to \$087 million in 1973—three times the rate of decline registered in the 1971-72 period. The 1973 decline can be traced principally to HEW, which is the main source of Federal training obligations. HEW funding fell by 26 percent from \$347 million in 1972 to \$257 million in 1973. Dollar changes within HEW ranged from a \$6 million increase in Social and Rehabilitation Service (SRS) training funds to a \$41 million decline in funds obligated by NIH.

NSF's direct support of students declined by 43 percent to a level of \$16 million. In contrast, increases were recorded by three agencies. EPA, NASA, and AEC.

Field of Science

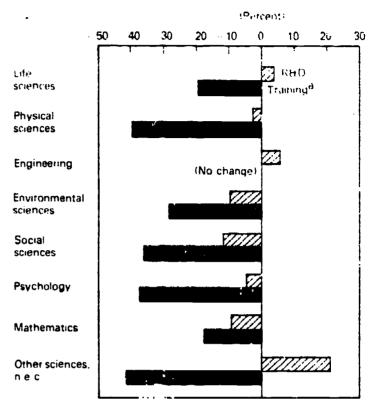
Two of the seven major fields showed an increase in R&D support between 1972 and 1973. The life sciences, funded at a level of \$934 million, rose by \$38 million, or 4 percent; and engineering, with \$204 million in R&D funding went up by \$11 million or 6 percent. In addition, projects classified under the "other sciences, nec" category evidenced a gain of 21 percent, a reflection of the increasing interdisciplinary character of federally sponsored R&D programs. From 1972 to 1973 relative declines in R&D field totals ranged from 11 percent in the social sciences to 2 percent in the physical sciences.

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Changes in Federal R&D and training obligations to universities and colleges, by field of science: FY 1972-73



^aIncludes fellowships, train - ships, and training grants SOURCE: National Science condition

In 1973 funding levels among all fields of science except engineering, which remarked stable, reflected the Federal-wide decline in fellowship and traineeship support.

The full report, Federal Support to Universities, Colleges, and Selected Nonprofit Institutions, Fiscal Year 1973, scheduled for publication later this year, will be obtainable from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402.

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